



THE JOHNS HOPKINS HOSPITAL

FOR MORE THAN 125 YEARS, the mission of The Johns Hopkins Hospital has been to lead the world in the diagnosis and treatment of disease and to train tomorrow's great physicians, nurses and scientists. Above all, we aim to provide the highest quality health care and service to all of our patients.

The teaching hospital affiliated with the Johns Hopkins University School of Medicine, we are located in the heart of East Baltimore, at 1800 Orleans Street. In 2012, we opened the Bloomberg Children's Center and the Zayed Tower, adding approximately 1.6 million square feet of state-of-the-art medical facilities.

Nationally and Internationally Recognized Specialty Care

The Johns Hopkins Hospital has been [ranked number one](#) in the nation by *U.S. News & World Report* for 22 years of the survey's 25-year history, most recently in 2013.

Patient- and Family-Centered Care

The Johns Hopkins Hospital promotes a culture that embraces, expects and rewards the delivery of [patient- and family-centered care](#). We partner with patients, families and others to create a treatment plan that works for each patient and family.

Part of a Premier Integrated System

The Johns Hopkins Hospital, founded in 1889, and the Johns Hopkins University School of Medicine, created in 1893, form the nucleus of [Johns Hopkins Medicine](#), one of the world's premier integrated health systems. It includes six hospitals, four community-based health care and surgery centers, more than 40 primary and specialty care practices throughout the region, and managed care and home care services.

BY THE NUMBERS

Licensed Acute Care Beds	1,145
Annual Inpatient Admissions	48,203
Annual Outpatient Visits	495,797
Annual Emergency Department Visits . . .	99,858
Full-Time Attending Physicians	1,915

Maryland Patients

To find a physician, visit hopkinsmedicine.org/doctors

Out-of-State and International Patients

Johns Hopkins USA

Johns Hopkins USA's medical concierges are specially trained to guide out-of-state patients through the care they need.

To learn more, call 1-855-695-4872 (toll free) or 1-410-464-6555 Monday–Friday, 8 a.m. to 6 p.m. EST, or [visit our website](#).

Johns Hopkins Medicine International

Johns Hopkins Medicine International helps patients from outside of the U.S. navigate Johns Hopkins' medical care.

To learn more, call +1-410-502-7683 Monday–Friday, 7 a.m. to 6 p.m. EST, or [visit our website](#).

RECOGNITION

- The Johns Hopkins Hospital has been [ranked number one](#) in the nation by *U.S. News & World Report* for 22 years of the survey's 25-year history, most recently in 2013.
- Johns Hopkins Kimmel Cancer Center is one of only 41 cancer centers in the country designated by the National Cancer Institute (NCI) as a Comprehensive Cancer Center. It is also the only Comprehensive Cancer Center in the state of Maryland.
- Johns Hopkins Children's Center, Maryland's largest children's hospital, offers recognized centers of excellence in dozens of pediatric subspecialties, including allergy, cardiology, cystic fibrosis, gastroenterology, nephrology, neurology, neurosurgery, oncology, pulmonary and transplant.
- The Johns Hopkins Hospital is designated a Level- I Trauma Center, a Level IIIC Perinatal Referral Center, the regional Pediatric Trauma and Burn Center, and the Eye Trauma Center for the state of Maryland.
- The Johns Hopkins Hospital, in 2003, was the first health care organization in Maryland to receive [Magnet designation](#) for excellence in nursing practice from the American Nurses Credentialing Center. The hospital received Magnet redesignation in 2008 and 2013.
- The Johns Hopkins Hospital's [Stroke Program](#) and Ventricular Assist Device Program are certified by The Joint Commission.
- The Johns Hopkins Hospital's Comprehensive Integrated Inpatient Rehabilitation Unit is accredited by the Commission on the Accreditation of Rehabilitation Facilities.
- In 2012, The Johns Hopkins Hospital received [Top Performer](#) recognition in The Joint Commission's Key Quality Measures program in four areas: heart attack, heart failure, surgical care and pneumonia. The designation recognizes hospitals that at a very high level follow best practices for treating people who have heart attacks, heart failure, stroke, pneumonia or other serious conditions.
- Johns Hopkins has been recognized as a 2013 [LGBT Healthcare Equality Leader](#), a status awarded to health care facilities that meet criteria for LGBT patient-centered care in the Healthcare Equality Index 2013, administered by the Human Rights Campaign.
- The Johns Hopkins Hospital and Health System is one of nine U.S. health care employers recognized as a 2014 [Frontline Healthcare Worker Champion](#), an award given by CareerSTAT, an initiative of the National Fund for Workforce Solutions and Jobs for the Future.



OTHER RESOURCES

- [Visitor's Guide](#)
- [Important Phone Numbers](#)
- [Patient and Visitor Parking](#)
- [Centers and Departments](#)

INNOVATIONS

- World renowned for medical discovery, Johns Hopkins
 - Devised landmark surgery for breast cancer (1889)
 - Created radical perineal prostatectomy to treat prostate cancer (1904)
 - Developed renal dialysis (1912)
 - Pioneered the first direct heart surgery (blue baby operation, 1944)
 - Developed CPR (1958)
 - Invented the first implantable, rechargeable pacemaker for cardiac disorders (1972)
 - Performed the first defibrillator implantation in a human being (1982)
 - Devised an operation to remove a prostate without injuring nearby nerves (1982)
 - Refined paclitaxel, hailed as the most promising anticancer drug in decades (1984)
 - Pioneered complex surgeries for separating twins joined at the head (1987)
 - Developed a safer way to perform the Whipple operation for pancreatic cancer (1993)
 - Developed the Partin Tables, enabling prostate cancer patients to get an accurate estimate of the extent of their cancer before surgery (1993)
 - Discovered the first effective treatment for severe forms of sickle cell disease (1995)
 - Developed and performed the world's first minimally invasive live-donor kidney removal (1995)
 - Developed a way to deliver chemotherapy drugs directly to a brain tumor (1996)
 - Was among the first to isolate and cultivate human embryonic stem cells (1998)
 - Showed that human papilloma virus is associated with the development of certain head and neck cancers (2000)
 - Launched paired kidney exchange, in which a living donor who is incompatible with an intended recipient exchanges kidneys with another donor/recipient pair (2001)
 - Developed the first biologic pacemaker for the heart, paving the way for an alternative to implanted pacemakers (2002)
 - Pioneered kidney transplants among incompatible donors and recipients (2002)
 - Found the genes for and described Loeys-Dietz syndrome, a previously unrecognized disorder characterized by severe aneurysms (2006)
 - Developed a "safety checklist" that has saved thousands of lives by reducing bloodstream infections (2006)
 - Pioneered a new way to reach skull-base tumors by making an entry incision in the eyelid (2010)
 - Created a treatment that may cure some patients with sickle cell disease (2011)
 - Planned and performed the most challenging double-arm transplant to date (2012)